

Stundas plāns: Explain a problem and what happened next

1. nodarbība (60 min): forma un nozīme · Past Simple un Past Continuous · pieaugušie, A2/B1 · Autore: Inga Kezina

1. Pamatinformācija

Temats	Explain a problem and what happened next (Work & travel)
Gramatika	Past Simple un Past Continuous: pārtraukta darbība; <i>when / while</i>
Grupa	8–12 pieaugušie, dzimtā valoda latviešu, A2/B1
Ilgums	60 min (1. nodarbība no divām: forma un nozīme)
Mācību līdzekļi	Chalkie prezentācija (18 slaidi), darba lapa, tāfele, mini tāfelītes vai papīra lapas, (ja ir) 1 min HeyGen video
Pirms 1. nodarbības	izglītojamie izlasa ievadtekstu par Omāru un, ja pieejams, noskatās video

2. Sasniedzamais rezultāts (SR)

Izglītojamais var mutiski un rakstiski izstāstīt par problēmu darbā vai ceļojumā, lietojot Past Continuous aktivitātei procesā un Past Simple darbībai, kas to pārtrauca, un pastāstīt, kā problēma tika atrisināta.

Izglītojamajiem: *I can explain a problem at work or on a trip: what I was doing, what happened and what I did next.*

3. Snieguma kritēriji (SK)

- I can form the past continuous (was/were + -ing) in positive, negative and question forms.*
- I can choose past simple or past continuous to show an activity in progress and an interruption (when / while).*
- I can tell a short story about a problem and what happened next.*
- I can ask follow-up questions: What were you doing when...? What did you do next?*

4. Caurviju prasmes

- Sadarbība:** pāru un grupu runāšanas uzdevumi, kopīgi stāsti pēc attēliem, lomu spēle problēmas risināšanai.
- Kritiskā domāšana un problēmrisināšana:** izglītojamie paši atklāj likumsakarību tekstā, izvēlas laiku pēc nozīmes un lomu spēlē meklē problēmas risinājumu.
- Pašvadīta mācīšanās:** sagatavošanās pirms nodarbības (teksts, video), pašvērtējums pēc SK, pašpārbaudes saraksts rakstīšanas uzdevumam.

5. Vērtības un tikumi

- Atbildība:** paskaidrot savu kavēšanos vai problēmu kolēģim un piedāvāt risinājumu.
- Laipnība un cieņa:** uz klausīt partnera stāstu un uzdot papildjautājumus.

6. Stundas gaita: 1. NODARBĪBA (60 min) – forma un nozīme

Laiks: $5 + 10 + 10 + 8 + 8 + 7 + 12 = 60$ min. **Runāšana:** ievads (3) + „Alibi” (12) + pāru salīdzināšana un ziņošana (~ 6) ≈ 21 min = 35% ✓

- **Past Continuous:** was/were + -ing; aktivitāte procesā noteiktā pagātnes brīdī (*At 8:30 Omar was waiting*).
- **Past Simple:** pabeigta, īsa darbība vai darbību secība (*He checked the address and called his colleague*).
- **Pārtraukums:** garā darbība Past Continuous, pārtraucošā Past Simple. *When* parasti pirms īsās darbības (*I was reading... when my battery died*), *while* pirms garās (*While I was waiting, I received a message*). Abas teikuma daļas var mainīt vietām: *When my battery died, I was reading...* (ar komatu).
- **Divas paralēlas darbības:** abas Past Continuous (*While I was driving, my colleague was checking the map*).

- **Stāvokļa darbības vārdi** (know, want, like, need, understand) parasti nav -ing formā: *I didn't know the address* (nevis *wasn't knowing*).
- **Pareizrakstība (britu)**: travel → travelling, stop → stopping, write → writing, die → dying (bet: *the battery died*).

9. Paredzamās grūtības latviešu valodas runātājiem

Kļūda	Pareizi	Kāpēc	Kā mācīt
<i>I was wait at the station.</i>	I was waiting at the station.	Latviešu valodā nav palīgdarbības vārda + -ing formas	Formas tabula, mini tāfelītes (DL 1B, DL 7)
<i>I was having lunch when my boss was calling me.</i>	...when my boss called me.	Latviešu „zvanīja” der abiem; īsa, pārtraucoša darbība prasa Past Simple	Laika ass: īsa bultiņa vs garš stabiņš (sl. 9)
<i>I wasn't knowing the address.</i>	I didn't know the address.	Stāvokļa darbības vārdi	Piezīme formas tabulā, kļūdu labošana (DL 7)
<i>What you were doing at 8?</i>	What were you doing at 8?	Jautājuma vārdu secība	Formas tabula, „Alibi” intervija
<i>Did you were working?</i>	Were you working?	Did + was/were sajaukšana	Kļūdu labošana

10. Diferenciācija

- **Sasaiste ar iepriekš apgūto, kontrolētā prakse.** *Atbalsts*: neregulāro darbības vārdu saraksts darba lapas malā, pirmais teikums kā paraugs. *Izaicinājums*: izveidot vēl 2 savus teikumus.
- **Klausīšanās.** *Atbalsts*: jautājumi ar izvēli. *Izaicinājums*: atbildēt pilnos teikumos bez pierakstiem.
- **„Alibi”, stāsts pēc attēliem.** *Atbalsts*: teikumu sākumi (*At 7 pm I was... When..., ...*). *Izaicinājums*: lietot *while* un divas paralēlas darbības.
- **Lomu spēle.** *Atbalsts*: frāžu josla (*I'm sorry, but... / I was... when... / In the end, I...*). *Izaicinājums*: lomas kartīte ar papildu sarežģījumu, ko B pievieno sarunas vidū.

11. Refleksija

Which success criterion can you do confidently? Which one do you need to practise? What is the difference between "I was reading" and "I read"? What will you remember when you write your email?

Darba lapa izglītojamajiem: nākamajās divās lappusēs. Atbilžu lapa: pēdējā lappusē.

Past simple and past continuous

Name: _____

Date: _____

1 Present simple → past simple

Change the sentences. Use the time word in brackets.

Example: I take the train every day. (yesterday) → **I took the train yesterday.**

- 1 I take the train to work. (yesterday) _____
- 2 She sends the report at 5 pm. (last Friday) _____
- 3 We have a meeting on Monday. (last Monday) _____
- 4 They go to the airport by taxi. (two days ago) _____
- 5 He doesn't check his email. (yesterday) _____
- 6 Do you leave the office at 6? (yesterday) _____

2 Present continuous → past continuous

Change the sentences. Use the time in brackets. **am / is / are + -ing → was / were + -ing**

Example: I am waiting now. (at 8:30) → **I was waiting at 8:30.**

- 1 I am waiting for the bus. (at 8 am yesterday) _____
- 2 They are travelling to Riga. (at this time last week) _____
- 3 She is writing a report. (when I called) _____
- 4 We aren't working today. (yesterday at 3 pm) _____
- 5 Is he driving to the office? (at 9 am) _____
- 6 What are you doing? (at 10 pm last night) _____

3 Formation: complete the table

	Past simple	Past continuous
+	I waited. / She called.	I was waiting. / They _____ waiting.
–	I didn't wait.	I _____ waiting. / They weren't waiting.
?	_____ you wait?	_____ you waiting?
Short answers	Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.	Yes, I was. / No, I _____.
Signal words	yesterday, then, when	at 8:30, while, when

4 Past simple or past continuous?

Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Remember: **was / were + -ing** = long activity in progress · **past simple** = short action that interrupts it.
I **was reading** your message **when** my battery **died**. · **While I was waiting**, I **received** a message.

- 1 I _____ (wait) for the bus when it _____ (start) to rain.
- 2 While we _____ (have) a meeting, the fire alarm _____ (go) off.
- 3 She _____ (check) in at the hotel when she _____ (realise) she didn't have her passport.
- 4 What _____ you _____ (do) when the manager _____ (call)?
- 5 The printer _____ (stop) while I _____ (print) the tickets.
- 6 They _____ (not / listen) when the announcement _____ (come).
- 7 When the plane _____ (land), it _____ (snow).
- 8 I _____ (read) your message when my phone battery _____ (die).

5 Speaking: Alibi

Ask three classmates: "What were you doing yesterday at ...?" Write short notes. Then tell the class one surprising answer.

"What were you doing yesterday at 1 pm?" – "I was having lunch with a client."

Name	7 am	1 pm	6 pm	9 pm

6 How well can I do this?

- | | |
|---|-----|
| I can form the past continuous (was/were + -ing). | ✓ ~ |
| I can choose past simple or past continuous (when / while). | ✓ ~ |

✓ = I can do this · ~ = I need more practice

Atbilžu lapa (skolotājai)

1. uzdevums: 1 I took the train to work yesterday. 2 She sent the report at 5 pm last Friday. 3 We had a meeting last Monday. 4 They went to the airport by taxi two days ago. 5 He didn't check his email yesterday. 6 Did you leave the office at 6 yesterday?

2. uzdevums: 1 I was waiting for the bus at 8 am yesterday. 2 They were travelling to Riga at this time last week. 3 She was writing a report when I called. 4 We weren't working yesterday at 3 pm. 5 Was he driving to the office at 9 am? 6 What were you doing at 10 pm last night?

3. uzdevums: were · wasn't · Did · Were · wasn't

4. uzdevums: 1 was waiting / started 2 were having / went 3 was checking / realised 4 were ... doing / called 5 stopped / was printing 6 weren't listening / came 7 landed / was snowing 8 was reading / died

Jautājumi par Omāru (CCQ): 1 He was waiting at the station. 2 Before. 3 His phone battery died. 4 He walked with his colleague.

1. nodarbības klausīšanās: prezentācijā izmantots Chalkie audio „A Problem at the Airport” (0:33) ar 4 jautājumiem; atbildes skolotāja pārbauda, noklausoties audio. Rezerves dialogs (ja audio nav pieejams): **Lina's flight (~85 vārdi):**

Paul: Hi Lina, are you at the gate? **Lina:** No, I'm still at the airport café. I was having a coffee when I heard the announcement. **Paul:** What happened? **Lina:** Our flight to Oslo was cancelled because of the snow. I was checking my emails, so I almost missed it! **Paul:** Oh no! What did you do? **Lina:** I went to the airline desk straight away. They booked me on the evening flight. **Paul:** Good. I'll tell the client.

Atbildes: 1 at the airport café 2 she was having a coffee 3 the flight was cancelled because of the snow 4 she went to the airline desk; they booked her on the evening flight.